## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

## Listing of Claims:

- 1. (currently amended) A silicon carbide single crystal containing an uncompensated impurity in an atomic number density a concentration of at least 1 x  $10^{15}$ /cm<sup>3</sup>, and containing vanadium in a concentration of less than [[a]] the concentration of said uncompensated impurity; wherein the difference in concentrations of said uncompensated impurity and said vanadium is such that said single crystal has an electrical resistivity at room temperature of at least  $1 \times 10^5 \Omega cm$ .
- 2. (original) A silicon carbide single crystal as set forth in claim 1, wherein said uncompensated impurity has a concentration of not more than  $1 \times 10^{17}$ /cm<sup>3</sup>.
- 3. (original) A silicon carbide single crystal as set forth in claim 1, wherein said uncompensated impurity has a concentration of not more than  $5 \times 10^{16} / \text{cm}^3$ .
- 4. (previously presented) A silicon carbide single crystal as set forth in claim 1, wherein said uncompensated impurity gives a conductivity type of an n type.
- 5. (original) A silicon carbide single crystal as set forth in claim 1, wherein said vanadium has a concentration of at least  $5 \times 10^{14}$ /cm<sup>3</sup>.
- 6. (original) A silicon carbide single crystal as set forth in claim 1, wherein said vanadium has a concentration of not less than  $1 \times 10^{15}$ /cm<sup>3</sup>.
- 7. (original) A silicon carbide single crystal as set forth in claim 1, wherein said vanadium has a concentration of not less than  $1 \times 10^{16}$ /cm<sup>3</sup>.
- 8. (original) A silicon carbide single crystal as set forth in claim 1, wherein the difference in concentration of said uncompensated impurity and said vanadium is not more than  $1 \times 10^{17}$ /cm<sup>3</sup>.
- 9. (previously presented) A silicon carbide single crystal as set forth in claim 1, wherein the difference in concentration of said uncompensated impurity and said vanadium is not more than  $5 \times 10^{16} / \text{cm}^3$ .

- 10. (previously presented) A silicon carbide single crystal as set forth in claim 1, wherein the difference in concentration of said uncompensated impurity and said vanadium is not more than  $1 \times 10^{16}/\text{cm}^3$ .
- 11. (previously presented) A silicon carbide single crystal as set forth in claim 1, wherein said silicon carbide single crystal has a main polytype of 3C, 4H, or 6H.
- 12. (previously presented) A silicon carbide single crystal as set forth in claim 1, wherein said silicon carbide single crystal has a main polytype of 4H.
- 13. (currently amended) A silicon carbide single crystal wafer obtained by processing and polishing a silicon carbide single crystal as set forth in claim 1, wherein said wafer has an electrical resistivity at room temperature of at least  $\frac{5 \times 10^3}{1 \times 10^{10}} \Omega$ cm.
- 14. (currently amended) A silicon carbide single crystal wafer obtained by processing and polishing a silicon carbide single crystal as set forth in claim 1, wherein said wafer has an electrical resistivity at room temperature of not less than  $\frac{1 \times 10^5}{1 \times 10^{11}} \Omega cm$ .
- 15. (currently amended) A silicon carbide single crystal wafer as set forth in claim 13 obtained by processing and polishing a silicon carbide single crystal as set forth in claim 1, wherein said silicon carbide single crystal wafer at room temperature is a single polytype of 3C, 4H, or 6H.
- 16. (currently amended) A silicon carbide single crystal wafer as set forth in claim <del>13</del> 15, wherein said silicon carbide single crystal wafer is comprised of a single polytype of 4H.
- 17. (currently amended) A silicon carbide single crystal <u>wafer</u> as set forth in claim <del>13</del> 15, wherein said wafer has a size of at least 50 mm.
- 18. (currently amended) A silicon carbide single crystal <u>wafer</u> as set forth in claim <del>13</del> 15, wherein said wafer has a size of at least 100 mm.
- 19. (currently amended) An epitaxial wafer comprised of a silicon carbide single crystal wafer as set forth in claim <del>13-15</del>, on the surface of which a silicon carbide thin film is grown.

- 20. (currently amended) An epitaxial wafer comprised of a silicon carbide single crystal wafer as set forth in claim 13-15, on the surface of which a gallium nitride, aluminum nitride, or indium nitride thin film or mixed crystal thin film of the same is grown.
- 21. (withdrawn) A method of production of a silicon carbide single crystal by using a sublimation recrystallization method using a seed crystal to grown a single crystal, said method of production of a silicon carbide single crystal characterized by using a sublimating material comprised of silicon carbide and vanadium or a vanadium compound in a mixture and using for the crystal growth a graphite crucible having a nitrogen concentration of not more than 50 ppm as measured by an inert gas fusion thermal conductivity method.
- 22. (withdrawn) A method of production of a silicon carbide single crystal as set forth in claim 21, wherein said graphite crucible has a nitrogen concentration of not more than 20 ppm.
- 23. (withdrawn) A method of production of a silicon carbide single crystal as set forth in claim 21, wherein said graphite crucible has a nitrogen concentration of not more than 10 ppm.
- 24. (withdrawn) A method of production of a silicon carbide single crystal as set forth in claim 21, wherein said graphite crucible is a graphite crucible treated for purification by being held in an inert gas atmosphere of a pressure of not more than 1.3 Pa at a temperature of 1400°C or more for 10 hours to less than 120 hours.
- 25. (withdrawn) A method of production of a silicon carbide single crystal as set forth in claim 21, further comprising charging the graphite crucible with a material powder mainly comprised of silicon carbide and, in that state, treating the graphite crucible for purification by holding it in an inert gas atmosphere at a pressure of not more than 1.3 Pa at a temperature of 1400 to 1800°C for 10 hours to less than 120 hours, placing said graphite crucible and seed crystal in an inert gas atmosphere adjusted in pressure to 1.3 x 10<sup>2</sup> to 1.3 x 10<sup>4</sup> Pa, and heating to 2000°C or more, then starting crystal growth.
- 26. (withdrawn) A method of production of a silicon carbide single crystal as set forth in claim 24, wherein said purification treatment is performed at a pressure of  $1.3 \times 10^{-1}$  Pa or less.

- 27. (withdrawn) A method of production of a silicon carbide single crystal as set forth in claim 24, wherein said purification treatment is performed at a pressure of  $6.5 \times 10^{-2}$  Pa or less.
- 28. (withdrawn) A method of production of a silicon carbide single crystal as set forth in claim 24, wherein after said purification treatment, said graphite crucible is used for crystal growth without being exposed to the atmosphere.
- 29. (new) A silicon carbide single crystal as set forth in claim 1, wherein said silicon carbide single crystal has an electrical resistivity at room temperature of at least 1 x  $10^{10}$   $\Omega$ cm.
- 30. (new) A silicon carbide single crystal as set forth in claim 1, wherein said silicon carbide single crystal has an electrical resistivity at room temperature of not less than  $1 \times 10^{11}$   $\Omega$ cm.